

Cedar Creek Flooding Kellogg at North Streets



Cedar Creek Flooding washed out rails, causing locomotive derailment



Locomotive derailment

February 14, 1857 – City of Galesburg is Incorporated by the State of Illinois. By 1867, the population stands at 9,230 souls and a 'Modern City' is developing. Though sewers existed previously, the first recorded sewer main was built in 1891 on Cherry Street, flowing from Fremont Street and emptying into Cedar Fork Creek – where all sewers discharged.



Cedar Creek Flood, looking west from atop what is now the BNSF Railroad, west of Lincoln Street

July 1, 1917 – The Sanitary District act of 1917 becomes law in Illinois, allowing for the establishment of separate Sanitary Districts for the *preservation of the public health, comfort and convenience*.

November 11, 1918 – Armistice Day, marking the end of World War 1. Though sanitary waste has been a noted problem for those living near Cedar Fork Creek and downstream of Galesburg for some time and the Rivers and Lakes Commission has ordered the nuisance abated...the intervention of the war prevented the carrying out of the order. Conditions following the war have now become sufficiently stabilized to make the city feel warranted in again taking up the question of Cedar Fork.

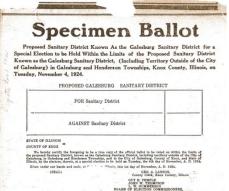
November 14, 1924 – With a 72% margin, Galesburg voters authorize the establishment of The Galesburg Sanitary District. A June 28, 1924 rainfall of 4 ½ inches onto ground which had already received more than 3 times the normal amount of June rains, whereby causing devastating flooding along the unimproved Cedar Fork Creek, may have helped to sway the vote. A second major flood would occur on September 1, 1926.



Cedar Fork Creek before channelization, at Seminary Street



Cedar Fork Creek before channelization at Pearl Street looking east



Sample of Ballot used by Voters to establish The Galesburg Sanitary District, 1924



Cedar Fork Creek before channelization south of Main Street, looking northeast



Cedar Fork Creek before channelization near Lincoln Street, looking east



Cedar Fork Creek before channelization near Henderson Street



Building the Cedar Fork Creek Channel and laying the Intercepting Sewer pipe



The Channel construction at 224 N. Broad Street



The Channel construction at 224 N. Broad Street



2015 Google Map Street View



The Channel construction at 224 N. Broad Street, Beginning to take shape





The Channel construction at 224 N. Broad Street



The Channel at 400 N. Seminary Street and 2011 Google Map Street View – before construction of Bickerdyke Bridge



The Channel construction west of N. Academy Street



The Channel construction west of N. Academy Street Integral Intercepting Sewer being built at the same time along right side in photograph

July 2, 1929 – A Special Election is held and a \$650,000 Bond Issue is approved to finance the construction of The Galesburg Sanitary District Sewerage Treatment Plant, Cedar Fork Creek channel improvements consisting of enlargements, straightening and paving certain portions and the construction of Intercepting Sewers to deliver all sewage to the Treatment Plant. Some regard this as the most important Public Works improvement project in Galesburg's illustrious history. Additionally, \$200,000 was contributed by the Santa Fe Railroad, \$196,000 was raised in taxes and the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad contributed a \$51,000 culvert improvement.

June 1, 1931 - Sewage Treatment Plant begins operations. The improvements thus constructed define the extents of The Galesburg Sanitary District. Any sewer main already constructed or extended in the future would remain the responsibility of the City of Galesburg.



Treatment Plant completed 1931



reatment Plant Trickling Filter and Dosing Tank under construction



Brick Intercepting Sewer to Treatment Plant



ment Plant Trickling Filter and Dosing Tank under construction



Treatment Plant Trickling Filter nearly complete



Brick Intercepting Sewer to Treatment Plant



1-Channel and Intercepting Sewer construction at Main St – start to finish



3-Channel and Intercepting Sewer construction at Main St – start to finish



Brick Intercepting Sewer to Treatment Plant





Lincoln Street area

Paving Bricks forming Channel walls

Paving Bricks forming Channel walls

looking west from Cedar Street towards West Street

6-Channel and Intercepting Sewer construction at Main St – start to finish



7-Channel and Intercepting Sewer construction at Main St-start to finish



8-Channel and Intercepting Sewer construction at Main St - start to finish



9-Channel and Intercepting Sewer construction at Main St – start to finish







at Main St-start to finish







July 5, 1966 – The City of Galesburg and The Galesburg Sanitary District jointly authorize a Study of *the pollution situation in Galesburg and (a) practical procedure for its abatement…including estimates of cost. With increasing population and greater volume of wastes there has developed a higher realization of the need of improved sanitation and the preservation of water resources. Pollution abatement standards have become materially more stringent over the past 35 years*. Galesburg's population now stands at 41,000 and the increase of sanitary flows, coupled with storm water flow from combined sewers, often overwhelm the main intercepting sewer and the Treatment Plant. The Illinois State Sanitary Water Board, the predecessor Agency of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, makes *an inspection of the conditions at Galesburg in 1966 and thereafter issued an order prohibiting the construction of additional sewers until a satisfactory program of pollution abatement was presented and approved*. This effectively halts all development in Galesburg.

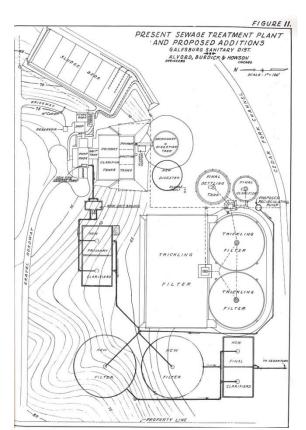
July 10, 1967 – With promptings from the Chamber of Commerce, the Knox County Regional Planning Commission and *numerous organizations, municipal corporations and engineers*, the City of Galesburg signs an Agreement with The Galesburg Sanitary District. The District agrees to assume ownership of all sewers in Galesburg – including all combination sewers – and to fund the construction of separate storm and sanitary sewers, with an estimated price tag of approximately \$10,000,000. A complete storm sewer system would be built, along with additional sanitary sewers to serve un-sewered areas of town, and the Treatment Plant would be increased in capacity from 6 MGD to 22 MGD, and ultimately to its 28 MGD capacity today. With extensions, improvements and rehabilitation, to date over \$50,000,000 has been spent keeping the sewer system in Galesburg in good standing and in operating order.



Failure of Channel Paving Bricks







Sketch of Engineer's Proposed Treatment Plant Improvements - 1966